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Tangier, Octob. 8.

THE *Morocco* Ambaſſador, who has been detained here ſome time, to get the Preſent from His Majeſty to the Emperor aſhore, departed from hence the laſt Week towards his Court, and we have an account of his arrival at *Alcazar* in his way thither. The night after the Ambaſſador left this place, a Mooriſh Brigantine came within the *Mole*, with an intention to ſurprize and carry away a ſmall Engliſh Veſſel, but the Guards taking the Alarm, prevented their proceeding farther in their deſign than to ſeize on the Maſter, and ſome of his People: Upon which our Governor diſpatched an Expreſs the next Morning to *Alcazar*, to complain of this attempt to the Ambaſſador, who immediately cauſed the ſaid Maſter and his Men, which had been put aſhore, to be reſtored to their Liberty, and promiſed that the Commander of the ſaid Brigantine, ſo ſoon as he could be met with, ſhould be ſent hither to be exemplarily puniſhed.

Stockholm, Octob. 4. The laſt Week arrived here the Sieur *Brands*, Envoy Extraordinary from the Elector of *Brandenburg*, and on Monday he had his firſt Audience of the King, of which we have this account, That after having, in his Electoral Highneſs's Name, Complimented his Majeſty upon the Birth of the young Prince his Son, and aſſured him of his Electoral Highneſs's deſire to maintain a good Correſpondence and Neighborhood with his Majeſty, he repreſented to his Majeſty the trouble his Electoral Highneſs had, to ſee things in the ſtate they are in, and that he thought nothing ought more to be wiſhed than that the Peace of Chriſtendom, and particularly that of the Empire, may be preſerved; That his Electoral Highneſs had not been wanting to employ his beſt endeavours in order thereunto, and that he doubted not but his Majeſty would readily joyn with him and other Princes in ſo good a Work. The 17th of the laſt Month parted hence, on his return home, the Sieur *Baſin*, the French Ambaſſador, without having had any Audience of the King, becauſe this Court did refuſe to allow of the Ceremonies he pretended to at his publick Entry and Audience, as being new, and never practiſed here. Preparations are making againſt the meeting of the States of this Kingdom, and many people are in expectation that matters of great importance will be brought before them.

Genoua, Octob. 7. This Week arrived here the *Bloſſome*, in 32 days from *Plimouth*, and had immediately Prattick, not having touched in *Spain*: and yeſterday arrived the *Advice*, Captain *Spooner*, from *Alicant* and *Majorca*; he met, four days ſince, part of the French Fleet, under the Command of Monſieur *du Queſne*, who were returning home from *Argiers*.

Strasburg, Octob. 16. On Tueſday laſt the Marquiſs *de Courtenvaux* returned hither from *Mentz*, where he had been to confer with that Elector concerning the preſent affairs; he will remain here this Month, and then intends to go to *Francfort*. Our Governor the Marquiſs *de Chamilly*, has obtained leave from Court to be abſent two Months from his Government, to look after his private Affairs. The Sieur *de la Grange*, Intendant of *Alſace*, arrived here two days ſince, and yeſterday he began to aſſign Winter-Quarters for ſeveral Regiments of Horſe in this Country, from whence ſome Troops are to march for *Burgundy*, and others are to come from thence hither in their ſtead.

Cologne, Octob. 13. On Saturday laſt we received an account from *Liege*, That the French Reſident had, on the eighth Inſtant, delivered to the Magiſtrates of that City, a Letter from the French King, and at the ſame time had told them by word of mouth, That the Elector of *Cologne* having beſought the King his Maſter to interpoſe his Offices, and even his Royal Authority, in order to oblige the City of *Liege* to give him juſt ſatisfaction, his Majeſty had commanded him the ſaid Reſident to let them know, That he deſired the differences they had with his Electoral Highneſs may be ſpeedily accommodated, and that, for that purpoſe, they would forthwith ſend Deputies to *Cologne*, who might addreſs themſelves directly to his Electoral Highneſs, through the Interpoſition of the Biſhop of *Straſburg*, and Monſieur *Tambeneau*, the French Miniſter there; the ſaid Reſident adding, That the King's intention was not to deprive them of their antient Priviledges, but to procure them a reaſonable accommodation. Our Letters from *Vienna* of the firſt and fourth Inſtant informed us, That General *Caprara* was Encamped between *Freyſtellet* and great *Tolpetchen* on the *Waag*, with 7000 Men; Count *Starenberg* with 4000 at *Dioſecke*, and the Palatine of *Hungary* with 2000 near *Seret*; That the Rebels lay between *Villecke* and *Karpffen*, and the Turks near *Erla*; That Count *Serini*, Brother-in-Law to Count *Teckeley*, to whom the Emperor had ſent him, was returned to the Camp of General *Caprara*, and from thence was gone to *Eberſdorf*, where the Imperial Court then was, and that he reported that the cauſe of the Turks ſeparating from the Hungarians was to keep their Feaſt of *Ramaſan*, after the expiration of which, it was not doubted but they would act again, having made a Bridge of Boats over the *Danube*, at *Baracan*, near *Graan*.

Cologne, Octob. 20. The Magiſtrates of *Liege* have ſent hither the Sieur *Nicolas*, their Secretary, to communicate to his Electoral Highneſs the Letter they have received from the moſt Chriſtian King; and the Anſwer he has had is, That his Electoral High-